
atlas Documentation

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Atlas is a small software developed to use simple text files that encode biological networks and write Rule-Based Models (RBMs). Atlas writes rules and others model components for the PySB python package PySB, PMID 23423320. The RBMs could be simulated within PySB with [NFSim](#), PMID 26556387 (within the BioNetGen2 software, PMID 27402907), KaSim ([KaSim](#), PMID 29950016). Models could be exported to text files in *BioNetGen* ([BioNetGenLanguage](#)) or *kappa* language ([Kappa](#)) for further calibration ([BioNetFit](#), PMID 26556387 or [pleione](#), PMID 31641245) and analysis (sterope for parameter sensibility and [alcyon](#) for parameter uncertainty).

CHAPTER 1

Installation

There are two different ways to install Atlas:

1. **Install Atlas natively (Recommended).**

OR

2. **Clone the Github repository.** If you are familiar with git, Atlas can be cloned and the respective folder added to the python path. Further details are below.

Note: Need Help? If you run into any problems with installation, please visit our chat room: <https://gitter.im/glucksfall/pleiades>

1.1 Option 1: Install Atlas natively on your computer

The recommended approach is to use system tools, or install them if necessary. To install python packages, you could use pip, or download the package from the [python package index](#).

1. **Install with system tools**

With pip, you need to execute and Atlas will be installed on `$HOME/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages` folder or similar.

```
pip3 install atlas_rbm --user
```

If you have system rights, you could install Atlas for all users with

```
sudo -H pip3 install atlas_rbm
```

2. **Download from the python package index**

Alternatively, you could download the package (useful when pip fails to download the package because of lack of SSL libraries) and then install with pip. For instance:

```
wget https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/ec/ed/
˓→8b94e0a29f69a24ddb18ba4a4e6463d3ecede308576774e86baf6a84b998/atlas_rbm-1.0.2-
˓→py3-none-any.whl
pip3 install atlas_rbm-1.0.2-py3-none-any.whl --user
```

Note: Why Python3?: Atlas is intended to be used with >=python3.4 because python2.7 won't receive further development past 2020, including security updates.

Note: pip, Python, and Anaconda: Be aware which pip you invoke. You could install pip3 with `sudo apt-get install python3-pip` if you have system rights, or install python3 from source, and adding `<python3 path>/bin/pip3` to the path, or linking it in a directory like `$HOME/bin` which is commonly added to the path at login. Also be aware that, if you installed Anaconda, pip could be linked to the Anaconda specific version of pip, which will install Atlas into Anaconda's installation folder. Type `which pip` or `which pip3` to find out the source of pip, and type `python -m site` or `python3 -m site` to find out where is more likely Atlas will be installed.

1.2 Option 2: Clone the Github repository

1. Clone with git

The source code is uploaded and maintained through Github at <https://github.com/networkbiolab/atlas>. Therefore, you could clone the repository locally, and then add the folder to the PYTHONPATH. Beware that you should install the *pysb* package ([pysb](#)) and others packages by any means, specially the Jupyter Notebook project ([https://jupyter.org](#)).

```
path=/opt/atlas
git clone https://github.com/networkbiolab/atlas $path
echo export PYTHONPATH="\$PYTHONPATH:\$path" >> $HOME/.profile
```

Note: Adding the path to `$HOME/.profile` allows python to find the package installation folder after each user login. Similarly, adding the path to `$HOME/.bashrc` allows python to find the package after each terminal invocation. Other options include setting the PYTHONPATH environmental variable in a sh file (see the example folder) or invoke `python3 setup.py clean build install` to install Atlas as it was downloaded from the PyPI server.

CHAPTER 2

Modeling

Atlas is a modular software with each script centered in a specific biological network

1. *Metabolic Networks*
2. **Interaction Networks**
 1. *Protein-Protein Interaction Networks*
 2. *Protein-Small compounds Interaction Networks*
 3. **Protein-RNA Interaction Networks**
 4. **RNA-RNA Interaction Networks**
 5. *Transcription Factor-DNA Binding Site Interaction Networks*
 6. *Sigma Factor-Promoter Interaction Networks*
3. *Genome Graphs*

2.1 Metabolic Networks

Metabolic networks have four columns. The first declares a unique name for the enzyme or enzymatic complex; the second declares a unique name for the reaction; the third column lists using comma unique names for substrates; and the last row list using comma unique names for products. To declare metabolites located at the periplasm or extracellular compartments, the user should employ the prefix “PER-” and “EX-”, respectively. Use *spontaneous* for non-enzymatic reactions.

Examples:

GENE	REACTION	SUBSTRATES	PRODUCTS
spontaneous	LACTOSE-MUTAROTATION	alpha-lactose	beta-lactose
spontaneous	GALACTOSE-MUTAROTATION	alpha-GALACTOSE	beta-GALACTOSE
spontaneous	GLUCOSE-MUTAROTATION	alpha-glucose	beta-glucose
LACY-MONOMER	TRANS-RXN-24	PER-PROTON, PER-alpha-lactose	PROTON, alpha-lactose

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LACY-MONOMER	TRANS-RXN-24-beta	PER-PROTON, PER-beta-lactose	PROTON, beta-lactose
LACY-MONOMER	TRANS-RXN-94	PER-PROTON, PER-MELIBIOSE	PROTON, MELIBIOSE
LACY-MONOMER	RXN0-7215	PER-PROTON, PER-CPD-3561	PROTON, CPD-3561
LACY-MONOMER	RXN0-7217	PER-PROTON, PER-CPD-3785	PROTON, CPD-3785
LACY-MONOMER	RXN-17755	PER-PROTON, PER-CPD-3801	PROTON, CPD-3801
BETAGALACTOSID-CPLX	BETAGALACTOSID-RXN	beta-lactose, WATER	beta-GALACTOSE, beta-glucose
BETAGALACTOSID-CPLX	BETAGALACTOSID-RXN-alpha	alpha-lactose, WATER	alpha-GALACTOSE, alpha-glucose
BETAGALACTOSID-CPLX	RXN0-5363	alpha-lactose	alpha-ALLOLACTOSE
BETAGALACTOSID-CPLX	RXN0-5363-beta	beta-lactose	beta-ALLOLACTOSE
BETAGALACTOSID-CPLX	ALLOLACTOSE-DEG-alpha	alpha-ALLOLACTOSE	alpha-GALACTOSE, alpha-glucose
BETAGALACTOSID-CPLX	ALLOLACTOSE-DEG-beta	beta-ALLOLACTOSE	beta-GALACTOSE, beta-glucose
BETAGALACTOSID-CPLX	RXN-17726	CPD-3561, WATER	beta-GALACTOSE, Fructofuranose
BETAGALACTOSID-CPLX	RXN0-7219	CPD-3785, WATER	beta-GALACTOSE, D-ARABINOSE
GALACTOACETYLTRAN-CPLX	GALACTOACETYLTRAN-RXN-galactose	beta-GALACTOSE, ACETYL-COA	6-Acetyl-beta-D-Galactose, CO-A

OR

GENE	REACTION	SUBSTRATES	PRODUCTS
spontaneous	LACTOSE-MUTAROTATION	alpha-lactose	beta-lactose
spontaneous	GALACTOSE-MUTAROTATION	alpha-GALACTOSE	beta-GALACTOSE
spontaneous	GLUCOSE-MUTAROTATION	alpha-glucose	beta-glucose
lacY	TRANS-RXN-24	PER-PROTON, PER-alpha-lactose	PROTON, alpha-lactose
lacY	TRANS-RXN-24-beta	PER-PROTON, PER-beta-lactose	PROTON, beta-lactose
lacY	TRANS-RXN-94	PER-PROTON, PER-MELIBIOSE	PROTON, MELIBIOSE
lacY	RXN0-7215	PER-PROTON, PER-CPD-3561	PROTON, CPD-3561
lacY	RXN0-7217	PER-PROTON, PER-CPD-3785	PROTON, CPD-3785
lacY	RXN-17755	PER-PROTON, PER-CPD-3801	PROTON, CPD-3801
[lacZ, lacZ, lacZ]	BETAGALACTOSID-RXN	beta-lactose, WATER	beta-GALACTOSE, beta-glucose
[lacZ, lacZ, lacZ, lacZ]	BETAGALACTOSID-RXN-alpha	alpha-lactose, WATER	alpha-GALACTOSE, alpha-glucose
[lacZ, lacZ, lacZ, lacZ]	RXN0-5363	alpha-lactose	alpha-ALLOLACTOSE
[lacZ, lacZ, lacZ, lacZ]	RXN0-5363-beta	beta-lactose	beta-ALLOLACTOSE
[lacZ, lacZ, lacZ, lacZ]	ALLOLACTOSE-DEG-alpha	alpha-ALLOLACTOSE, WATER	alpha-GALACTOSE, alpha-glucose
[lacZ, lacZ, lacZ, lacZ]	ALLOLACTOSE-DEG-beta	beta-ALLOLACTOSE, WATER	beta-GALACTOSE, beta-glucose
[lacZ, lacZ, lacZ, lacZ]	RXN-17726	CPD-3561, WATER	beta-GALACTOSE, Fructofuranose
[lacZ, lacZ, lacZ, lacZ]	RXN0-7219	CPD-3785, WATER	beta-GALACTOSE, D-ARABINOSE
[lacA, lacA, lacA]	GALACTOACETYLTRAN-RXN-galactose	beta-GALACTOSE, ACETYL-COA	6-Acetyl-beta-D-Galactose, CO-A

OR

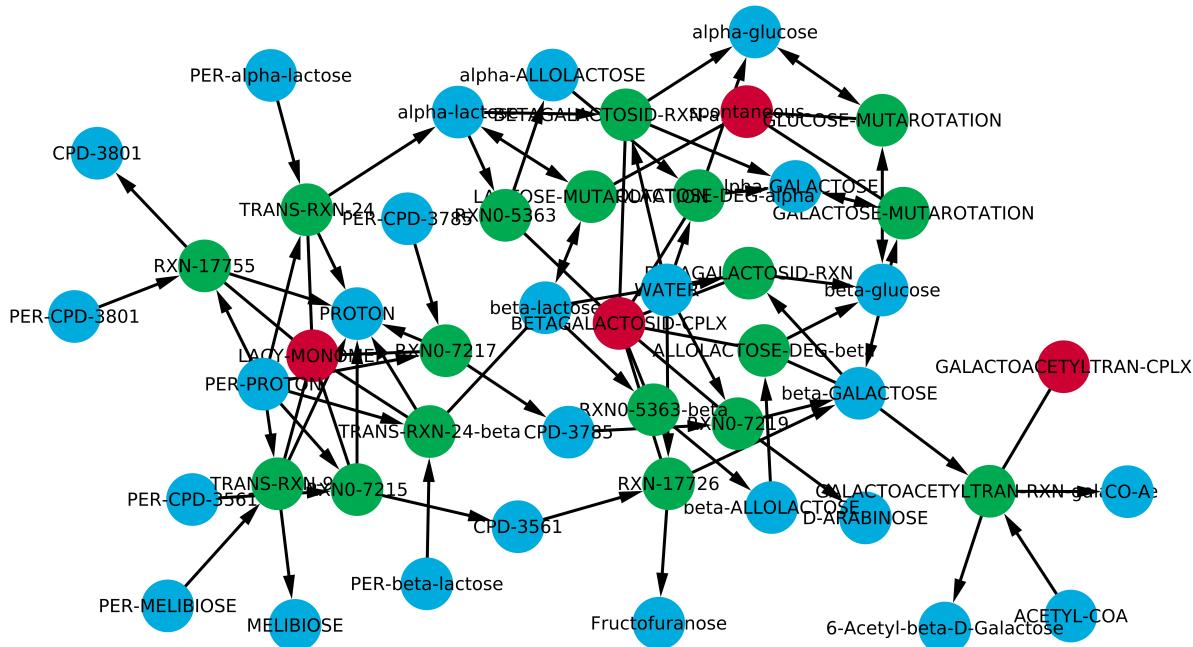
GENE	REACTION	SUBSTRATES	PRODUCTS
spontaneous	LACTOSE-MUTAROTATION	alpha-lactose	beta-lactose
spontaneous	GALACTOSE-MUTAROTATION	alpha-GALACTOSE	beta-GALACTOSE
spontaneous	GLUCOSE-MUTAROTATION	alpha-glucose	beta-glucose
lacY	TRANS-RXN-24	PER-PROTON, PER-alpha-lactose	PROTON, alpha-lactose
lacY	TRANS-RXN-24-beta	PER-PROTON, PER-beta-lactose	PROTON, beta-lactose
lacY	TRANS-RXN-94	PER-PROTON, PER-MELIBIOSE	PROTON, MELIBIOSE

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lacY	RXN0-7215	PER-PROTON, PER-CPD-3561	PROTON, CPD-3561
lacY	RXN0-7217	PER-PROTON, PER-CPD-3785	PROTON, CPD-3785
lacY	RXN-17755	PER-PROTON, PER-CPD-3801	PROTON, CPD-3801
lacZ	BETAGALACTOSID-RXN	beta-lactose, WATER	beta-GALACTOSE, beta-glucose
lacZ	BETAGALACTOSID-RXN-alpha →alpha-glucose	alpha-lactose, WATER	alpha-GALACTOSE, ↴alpha-glucose
lacZ	RXN0-5363	alpha-lactose	alpha-ALLOLACTOSE
lacZ	RXN0-5363-beta	beta-lactose	beta-ALLOLACTOSE
lacZ	ALLOLACTOSE-DEG-alpha →alpha-glucose	alpha-ALLOLACTOSE, WATER	alpha-GALACTOSE, ↴alpha-glucose
lacZ	ALLOLACTOSE-DEG-beta	beta-ALLOLACTOSE, WATER	beta-GALACTOSE, beta-glucose
lacZ	RXN-17726	CPD-3561, WATER	beta-GALACTOSE, Fructofuranose
lacZ	RXN0-7219	CPD-3785, WATER	beta-GALACTOSE, D-ARABINOSE
lacA	GALACTOACETYLTRAN-RXN-galactose →D-Galactose, CO-A	beta-GALACTOSE, ACETYL-COA	6-Acetyl-beta-

Note: Visualization in Cytoscape. Transform the four-columns file into a two-columns file with the helper script “*Expand metabolic network.ipynb*”, paste the results in a new file, and import the network into Cytoscape. Colors and arrows remains to the user for customization.



Finally, execute the “*Rules from metabolic network.ipynb*” to obtain the *Rules* to model the defined metabolic network. The complete rule-based model can be found in the lactose folder from the Network Biology Lab GitHub repository [here](#).

```
Rule('LACTOSE_MUTAROTATION',
      met(name = 'alpha_lactose', loc = 'cyt') |  
      met(name = 'beta_lactose', loc = 'cyt'),  
      Parameter('fwd_LACTOSE_MUTAROTATION', 1),  
      Parameter('rvs_LACTOSE_MUTAROTATION', 1))
```

Rule ('GALACTOSE MUTAROTATION')

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```

met(name = 'alpha_GALACTOSE', loc = 'cyt') |
met(name = 'beta_GALACTOSE', loc = 'cyt'),
Parameter('fwd_GALACTOSE_MUTAROTATION', 1),
Parameter('rvs_GALACTOSE_MUTAROTATION', 1))

Rule('GLUCOSE_MUTAROTATION',
    met(name = 'alpha_glucose', loc = 'cyt') |
    met(name = 'beta_glucose', loc = 'cyt'),
    Parameter('fwd_GLUCOSE_MUTAROTATION', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_GLUCOSE_MUTAROTATION', 1))

Rule('TRANS_RXN_24',
    prot(name = 'LACY_MONOMER') +
    met(name = 'PROTON', loc = 'per') +
    met(name = 'alpha_lactose', loc = 'per') |
    prot(name = 'LACY_MONOMER') +
    met(name = 'PROTON', loc = 'cyt') +
    met(name = 'alpha_lactose', loc = 'cyt'),
    Parameter('fwd_TRANS_RXN_24', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_TRANS_RXN_24', 1))

Rule('TRANS_RXN_24_beta',
    prot(name = 'LACY_MONOMER') +
    met(name = 'PROTON', loc = 'per') +
    met(name = 'beta_lactose', loc = 'per') |
    prot(name = 'LACY_MONOMER') +
    met(name = 'PROTON', loc = 'cyt') +
    met(name = 'beta_lactose', loc = 'cyt'),
    Parameter('fwd_TRANS_RXN_24_beta', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_TRANS_RXN_24_beta', 1))

Rule('TRANS_RXN_94',
    prot(name = 'LACY_MONOMER') +
    met(name = 'PROTON', loc = 'per') +
    met(name = 'MELIBIOSE', loc = 'per') |
    prot(name = 'LACY_MONOMER') +
    met(name = 'PROTON', loc = 'cyt') +
    met(name = 'MELIBIOSE', loc = 'cyt'),
    Parameter('fwd_TRANS_RXN_94', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_TRANS_RXN_94', 1))

Rule('RXNO_7215', prot(name = 'LACY_MONOMER') +
    met(name = 'PROTON', loc = 'per') +
    met(name = 'CPD_3561', loc = 'per') |
    prot(name = 'LACY_MONOMER') +
    met(name = 'PROTON', loc = 'cyt') +
    met(name = 'CPD_3561', loc = 'cyt'),
    Parameter('fwd_RXNO_7215', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_RXNO_7215', 1))

Rule('RXNO_7217', prot(name = 'LACY_MONOMER') +
    met(name = 'PROTON', loc = 'per') +
    met(name = 'CPD_3785', loc = 'per') |
    prot(name = 'LACY_MONOMER') +
    met(name = 'PROTON', loc = 'cyt') +
    met(name = 'CPD_3785', loc = 'cyt'),
    Parameter('fwd_RXNO_7217', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_RXNO_7217', 1))

```

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```

Parameter('rvs_RXN0_7217', 1))

Rule('RXN_17755', prot(name = 'LACY_MONOMER') +
    met(name = 'PROTON', loc = 'per') +
    met(name = 'CPD_3801', loc = 'per') |
    prot(name = 'LACY_MONOMER') +
    met(name = 'PROTON', loc = 'cyt') +
    met(name = 'CPD_3801', loc = 'cyt'),
    Parameter('fwd_RXN_17755', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_RXN_17755', 1))

Rule('BETAGALACTOSID_RXN',
    cplx(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_CPLX') +
    met(name = 'beta_lactose', loc = 'cyt') +
    met(name = 'WATER', loc = 'cyt') |
    cplx(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_CPLX') +
    met(name = 'beta_GALACTOSE', loc = 'cyt') +
    met(name = 'beta_glucose', loc = 'cyt'),
    Parameter('fwd_BETAGALACTOSID_RXN', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_BETAGALACTOSID_RXN', 1))

Rule('BETAGALACTOSID_RXN_alpha',
    cplx(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_CPLX') +
    met(name = 'alpha_lactose', loc = 'cyt') +
    met(name = 'WATER', loc = 'cyt') |
    cplx(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_CPLX') +
    met(name = 'alpha_GALACTOSE', loc = 'cyt') +
    met(name = 'alpha_glucose', loc = 'cyt'),
    Parameter('fwd_BETAGALACTOSID_RXN_alpha', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_BETAGALACTOSID_RXN_alpha', 1))

Rule('RXN0_5363',
    cplx(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_CPLX') +
    met(name = 'alpha_lactose', loc = 'cyt') |
    cplx(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_CPLX') +
    met(name = 'alpha_ALLOLACTOSE', loc = 'cyt'),
    Parameter('fwd_RXN0_5363', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_RXN0_5363', 1))

Rule('RXN0_5363_beta',
    cplx(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_CPLX') +
    met(name = 'beta_lactose', loc = 'cyt') |
    cplx(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_CPLX') +
    met(name = 'beta_ALLOLACTOSE', loc = 'cyt'),
    Parameter('fwd_RXN0_5363_beta', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_RXN0_5363_beta', 1))

Rule('ALLOLACTOSE_DEG_alpha',
    cplx(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_CPLX') +
    met(name = 'alpha_ALLOLACTOSE', loc = 'cyt') |
    cplx(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_CPLX') +
    met(name = 'alpha_GALACTOSE', loc = 'cyt'),
    Parameter('fwd_ALLOLACTOSE_DEG_alpha', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_ALLOLACTOSE_DEG_alpha', 1))

Rule('ALLOLACTOSE_DEG_beta',
    cplx(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_CPLX') +

```

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```

met(name = 'beta_ALLOLACTOSE', loc = 'cyt') |
cplx(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_CPLX') +
met(name = 'beta_GALACTOSE', loc = 'cyt'),
Parameter('fwd_ALLOLACTOSE_DEG_beta', 1),
Parameter('rvs_ALLOLACTOSE_DEG_beta', 1))

Rule('RXN_17726',
    cplx(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_CPLX') +
    met(name = 'CPD_3561', loc = 'cyt') +
    met(name = 'WATER', loc = 'cyt') |
    cplx(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_CPLX') +
    met(name = 'beta_GALACTOSE', loc = 'cyt') +
    met(name = 'Fructofuranose', loc = 'cyt'),
    Parameter('fwd_RXN_17726', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_RXN_17726', 1))

Rule('RXN0_7219',
    cplx(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_CPLX') +
    met(name = 'CPD_3785', loc = 'cyt') +
    met(name = 'WATER', loc = 'cyt') |
    cplx(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_CPLX') +
    met(name = 'beta_GALACTOSE', loc = 'cyt') +
    met(name = 'D_ARABINOSE', loc = 'cyt'),
    Parameter('fwd_RXN0_7219', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_RXN0_7219', 1))

Rule('GALACTOACETYLTRAN_RXN_galactose',
    cplx(name = 'GALACTOACETYLTRAN_CPLX') +
    met(name = 'beta_GALACTOSE', loc = 'cyt') +
    met(name = 'ACETYL_COA', loc = 'cyt') |
    cplx(name = 'GALACTOACETYLTRAN_CPLX') +
    met(name = '_6_Acetyl_beta_D_Galactose', loc = 'cyt') +
    met(name = 'CO_A', loc = 'cyt'),
    Parameter('fwd_GALACTOACETYLTRAN_RXN_galactose', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_GALACTOACETYLTRAN_RXN_galactose', 1))

```

Note: Reversibility of Rules. Atlas writes reversible *Rules* for each reaction declared in the network file. The Parameter('rvs_RuleName', 1)) must be set to zero to define an irreversible reaction.

Note: Uniqueness of Rule names. Atlas will write *Rules* for unique metabolic reactions. Identical names will be reported for further curation.

Note: Simulation. The model can be simulated only with the instantiation of Monomers and Initials ([More here](#)). Run *Monomer+Initials+Observables* from *metabolic network.ipynb* to obtain automatically the necessary Monomers and Initials (including proteins and enzymatic complexes).

Plotting. The model can be observed only with the instantiation of Observables ([More here](#)). Run *Monomer+Initials+Observables* from *metabolic network.ipynb* to obtain automatically the all possible Observables for metabolites.

2.2 Protein-Protein Interaction Networks

Protein-protein interaction (PPI) interaction networks have two columns. In any order and for any number of components, each column lists using comma the interacting proteins or protein complexes. The user should employ brackets to enclose a list of proteins that are part of a complex.

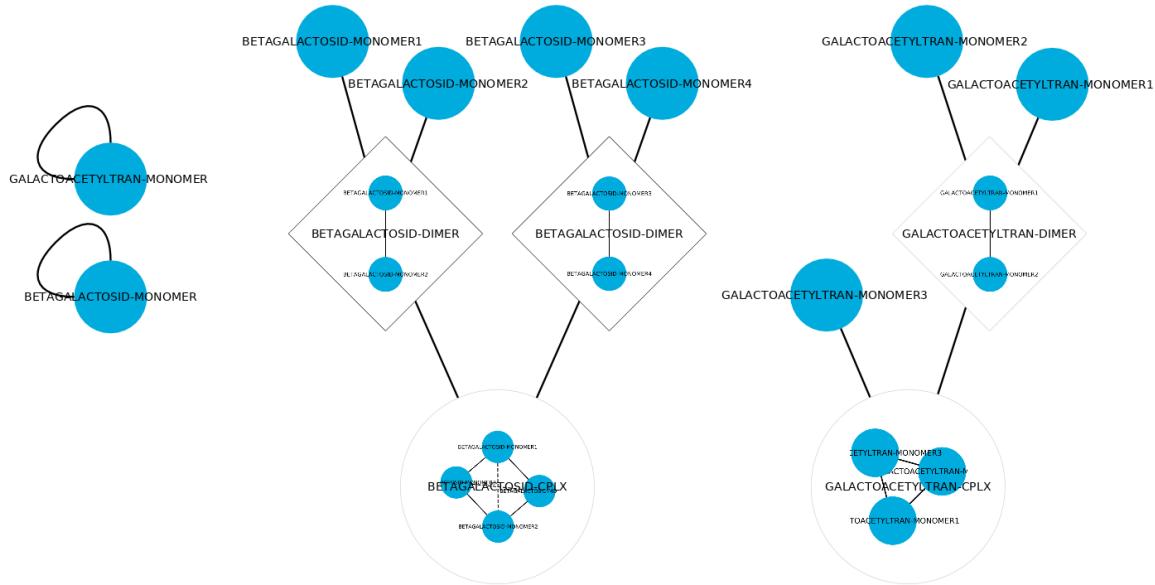
Examples:

SOURCE	TARGET
BETAGALACTOSID-MONOMER	BETAGALACTOSID-MONOMER
GALACTOACETYLTRAN-MONOMER	GALACTOACETYLTRAN-MONOMER

OR

SOURCE	TARGET
BETAGALACTOSID-MONOMER	BETAGALACTOSID-MONOMER
[BETAGALACTOSID-MONOMER, BETAGALACTOSID-MONOMER] →BETAGALACTOSID-MONOMER]	[BETAGALACTOSID-MONOMER, ↳ BETAGALACTOSID-MONOMER]
GALACTOACETYLTRAN-MONOMER	GALACTOACETYLTRAN-MONOMER
GALACTOACETYLTRAN-MONOMER	[GALACTOACETYLTRAN-MONOMER, GALACTOACETYLTRAN-MONOMER]

Note: Visualization in Cytoscape. Cytoscape cannot import hyper-graphs. To do so, Create simple network and right-click to embed a subnetwork in the corresponding node.



Finally, execute the “*Rules from protein-protein.ipynb*” to obtain the *Rules* to model the defined interaction network. The complete rule-based model can be found in the lactose folder from the Network Biology Lab GitHub repository [here](#).

```
Rule('complex_assembly_rule_0',
    prot(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_MONOMER', up = None, dw = None) +
    prot(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_MONOMER', up = None, dw = None) |
    prot(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_MONOMER', up = 1, dw = None) %
    prot(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_MONOMER', up = None, dw = 1),
    Parameter('fwd_complex_assembly_rule_0', 1),
```

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```

Parameter('rvs_complex_assembly_rule_0', 0))

Rule('complex_assembly_rule_1',
    prot(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_MONOMER', up = 1, dw = None) %
    prot(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_MONOMER', up = None, dw = 1) +
    prot(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_MONOMER', up = 1, dw = None) %
    prot(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_MONOMER', up = None, dw = 1) |
    prot(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_MONOMER', up = 1, dw = None) %
    prot(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_MONOMER', up = 2, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_MONOMER', up = 3, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'BETAGALACTOSID_MONOMER', up = None, dw = 3),
    Parameter('fwd_complex_assembly_rule_1', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_complex_assembly_rule_1', 0))

Rule('complex_assembly_rule_2',
    prot(name = 'GALACTOACETYLTRAN_MONOMER', up = None, dw = None) +
    prot(name = 'GALACTOACETYLTRAN_MONOMER', up = None, dw = None) |
    prot(name = 'GALACTOACETYLTRAN_MONOMER', up = 1, dw = None) %
    prot(name = 'GALACTOACETYLTRAN_MONOMER', up = None, dw = 1),
    Parameter('fwd_complex_assembly_rule_2', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_complex_assembly_rule_2', 0))

Rule('complex_assembly_rule_3',
    prot(name = 'GALACTOACETYLTRAN_MONOMER', up = None, dw = None) +
    prot(name = 'GALACTOACETYLTRAN_MONOMER', up = 1, dw = None) %
    prot(name = 'GALACTOACETYLTRAN_MONOMER', up = None, dw = 1) |
    prot(name = 'GALACTOACETYLTRAN_MONOMER', up = 1, dw = None) %
    prot(name = 'GALACTOACETYLTRAN_MONOMER', up = 2, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'GALACTOACETYLTRAN_MONOMER', up = None, dw = 2),
    Parameter('fwd_complex_assembly_rule_3', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_complex_assembly_rule_3', 0))

```

Note: Reversibility of Rules. Atlas writes irreversible *Rules* for each reaction declared in the network file. The Parameter('rvs_RuleName', 0)) must be set to non-zero to define an reversible reaction.

Note: Uniqueness of Rule names. Atlas will write *Rules* with numbered names. Use only one file to model the many interactions the system has.

Note: Simulation. The model can be simulated only with the instantiation of Monomers and Initials ([More here](#)). Run *Monomer+Initials+Observables* from *metabolic network.ipynb* to obtain automatically the necessary Monomers and Initials (including proteins and enzymatic complexes). Manually add the necessary Monomers and Initials for non-enzymatic proteins.

Plotting. The model can be observed only with the instantiation of Observables ([More here](#)). Run *Monomer+Initials+Observables* from *metabolic network.ipynb* to obtain automatically the all possible Observables for enzymatic proteins. Other observables for proteins should be added manually.

2.3 Protein-Small compounds Interaction Networks

Protein-small compound interaction networks have two columns. Similar to a PPI network, but the user should add the prefix “SMALL-” to encode a small compound that interacts with the protein or protein complex.

Examples:

SOURCE	TARGET
PER-araF	SMALL-PER-alpha-L-arabinofuranose
PER-araF	SMALL-PER-beta-L-arabinofuranose
PER-araF	SMALL-PER-alpha-L-arabinopyranose
PER-araF	SMALL-PER-beta-L-arabinopyranose
[crp, crp]	SMALL-CAMP
[crp, SMALL-CAMP, crp]	SMALL-CAMP
[lacI, lacI]	SMALL-ALLOLACTOSE
[lacI, SMALL-ALLOLACTOSE, lacI]	SMALL-ALLOLACTOSE
[araG, araG]	SMALL-ATP
araC	SMALL-alpha-L-arabinopyranose
[araC, araC]	SMALL-alpha-L-arabinopyranose
[araC, SMALL-alpha-L-arabinopyranose, araC]	SMALL-alpha-L-arabinopyranose

Finally, execute the “*Rules from protein-small compounds.ipynb*” to obtain the *Rules* to model the defined interaction network. The complete rule-based model can be found in the arabinose folder from the Network Biology Lab GitHub repository [here](#).

```
Rule('ProtMet_RuleAssembly_1',
    prot(name = 'araF', loc = 'per', met = None, up = None, dw = None) +
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinofuranose', loc = 'per', prot = None) |
    prot(name = 'araF', loc = 'per', met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinofuranose', loc = 'per', prot = 1),
    Parameter('fwd_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_1', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_1', 1))

Rule('ProtMet_RuleAssembly_2',
    prot(name = 'araF', loc = 'per', met = None, up = None, dw = None) +
    met(name = 'beta_L_arabinofuranose', loc = 'per', prot = None) |
    prot(name = 'araF', loc = 'per', met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'beta_L_arabinofuranose', loc = 'per', prot = 1),
    Parameter('fwd_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_2', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_2', 1))

Rule('ProtMet_RuleAssembly_3',
    prot(name = 'araF', loc = 'per', met = None, up = None, dw = None) +
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', loc = 'per', prot = None) |
    prot(name = 'araF', loc = 'per', met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', loc = 'per', prot = 1),
    Parameter('fwd_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_3', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_3', 1))

Rule('ProtMet_RuleAssembly_4',
    prot(name = 'araF', loc = 'per', met = None, up = None, dw = None) +
    met(name = 'beta_L_arabinopyranose', loc = 'per', prot = None) |
    prot(name = 'araF', loc = 'per', met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'beta_L_arabinopyranose', loc = 'per', prot = 1),
    Parameter('fwd_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_4', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_4', 1))
```

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```

Rule('ProtMet_RuleAssembly_5',
    prot(name = 'crp', loc = 'cyt', met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'crp', loc = 'cyt', met = None, up = 1, dw = None) +
    met(name = 'CAMP', loc = 'cyt', prot = None) |
    prot(name = 'crp', loc = 'cyt', met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'crp', loc = 'cyt', met = 2, up = 1, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'CAMP', loc = 'cyt', prot = 2),
    Parameter('fwd_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_5', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_5', 1))

Rule('ProtMet_RuleAssembly_6',
    prot(name = 'crp', loc = 'cyt', met = 2, up = None, dw = 1) %
    met(name = 'CAMP', loc = 'cyt', prot = 2) %
    prot(name = 'crp', loc = 'cyt', met = None, up = 1, dw = None) +
    met(name = 'CAMP', loc = 'cyt', prot = None) |
    prot(name = 'crp', loc = 'cyt', met = 2, up = None, dw = 1) %
    met(name = 'CAMP', loc = 'cyt', prot = 2) %
    prot(name = 'crp', loc = 'cyt', met = 3, up = 1, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'CAMP', loc = 'cyt', prot = 3),
    Parameter('fwd_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_6', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_6', 1))

Rule('ProtMet_RuleAssembly_7',
    prot(name = 'lacI', loc = 'cyt', met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'lacI', loc = 'cyt', met = None, up = 1, dw = None) +
    met(name = 'ALLOLACTOSE', loc = 'cyt', prot = None) |
    prot(name = 'lacI', loc = 'cyt', met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'lacI', loc = 'cyt', met = 2, up = 1, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'ALLOLACTOSE', loc = 'cyt', prot = 2),
    Parameter('fwd_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_7', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_7', 1))

Rule('ProtMet_RuleAssembly_8',
    prot(name = 'lacI', loc = 'cyt', met = 2, up = None, dw = 1) %
    met(name = 'ALLOLACTOSE', loc = 'cyt', prot = 2) %
    prot(name = 'lacI', loc = 'cyt', met = None, up = 1, dw = None) +
    met(name = 'ALLOLACTOSE', loc = 'cyt', prot = None) |
    prot(name = 'lacI', loc = 'cyt', met = 2, up = None, dw = 1) %
    met(name = 'ALLOLACTOSE', loc = 'cyt', prot = 2) %
    prot(name = 'lacI', loc = 'cyt', met = 3, up = 1, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'ALLOLACTOSE', loc = 'cyt', prot = 3),
    Parameter('fwd_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_8', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_8', 1))

Rule('ProtMet_RuleAssembly_9',
    prot(name = 'araG', loc = 'cyt', met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'araG', loc = 'cyt', met = None, up = 1, dw = None) +
    met(name = 'ATP', loc = 'cyt', prot = None) |
    prot(name = 'araG', loc = 'cyt', met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'araG', loc = 'cyt', met = 2, up = 1, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'ATP', loc = 'cyt', prot = 2),
    Parameter('fwd_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_9', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_9', 1))

Rule('ProtMet_RuleAssembly_10',
    prot(name = 'araC', loc = 'cyt', met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'araC', loc = 'cyt', met = None, up = 1, dw = None) +

```

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```

met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', loc = 'cyt', prot = None) |
prot(name = 'araC', loc = 'cyt', met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
prot(name = 'araC', loc = 'cyt', met = 2, up = 1, dw = None) %
met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', loc = 'cyt', prot = 2),
Parameter('fwd_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_10', 1),
Parameter('rvs_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_10', 1))

Rule('ProtMet_RuleAssembly_11',
    prot(name = 'araC', loc = 'cyt', met = 2, up = None, dw = 1) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', loc = 'cyt', prot = 2) %
    prot(name = 'araC', loc = 'cyt', met = None, up = 1, dw = None) +
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', loc = 'cyt', prot = None) |
    prot(name = 'araC', loc = 'cyt', met = 2, up = None, dw = 1) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', loc = 'cyt', prot = 2) %
    prot(name = 'araC', loc = 'cyt', met = 3, up = 1, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', loc = 'cyt', prot = 3),
Parameter('fwd_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_11', 1),
Parameter('rvs_ProtMet_RuleAssembly_11', 1))

```

Note: Reversibility of Rules. Atlas writes reversible *Rules* for each reaction declared in the network file. The Parameter('rvs_RuleName', 1)) must be set to zero to define an irreversible reaction.

Note: Uniqueness of Rule names. Atlas will write *Rules* with numbered names. Use only one file to model the many interactions the system has.

Note: Simulation. The model can be simulated only with the instantiation of Monomers and Initials ([More here](#)). Run *Monomer+Initials+Observables* from *metabolic network.ipynb* to obtain automatically the necessary Monomers and Initials (including proteins and enzymatic complexes). Manually add the necessary Monomers and Initials for non-enzymatic proteins.

Plotting. The model can be observed only with the instantiation of Observables ([More here](#)). Run *Monomer+Initials+Observables* from *metabolic network.ipynb* to obtain automatically the all possible Observables for enzymatic proteins. Other observables for proteins should be added manually.

2.4 Transcription Factor-DNA Binding Site Interaction Networks

The transcription factor-DNA binding site network represents the physical interaction bewteen proteins and DNA. The network have two columns and for the former network, the first column lists using comma all components of a TF enclosed in brackets (optionally with small compounds) and in the second column declares the DNA binding site. Users should use the prefix “SMALL-” for small compounds and the prefix “BS-” to encode DNA binding sites using unique names. The second type of GRN shows in the first column the RNA polymerase holoenzyme complex (components in brackets) and in the second the promoter. Users should name promoters with the gene name followed by the suffix “-pro#” where # is an integer.

Examples:

SOURCE	TARGET
# araBAD	and araC

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```
[crp, SMALL-CAMP, crp, SMALL-CAMP] BS-83-104
[crp, SMALL-CAMP, crp, SMALL-CAMP] [BS-83-104, BS-araB-pro1]

araC BS-35-51
araC BS-56-72
araC BS-109-125
araC BS-130-146
araC BS-267-283

[araC, BS-56-72] [araC, BS-267-283, BS-araC-pro1]

[araC, SMALL-alpha-L-arabinopyranose] BS-35-51
[araC, BS-56-72] SMALL-alpha-L-arabinopyranose
[araC, BS-267-283] SMALL-alpha-L-arabinopyranose

[araC, SMALL-alpha-L-arabinopyranose, BS-56-72] [araC, SMALL-alpha-L-arabinopyranose, BS-35-51, BS-araB-pro1]

# araFGH
[araC, SMALL-alpha-L-arabinopyranose] BS-158-174
[araC, SMALL-alpha-L-arabinopyranose] BS-137-153
[araC, SMALL-alpha-L-arabinopyranose] BS-83-99
[araC, SMALL-alpha-L-arabinopyranose] BS-62-78

[araC, SMALL-alpha-L-arabinopyranose, BS-83-99] [araC, SMALL-alpha-L-arabinopyranose, BS-62-78, BS-araF-pro1]

# araE
[araC, SMALL-alpha-L-arabinopyranose] BS-57-73
[araC, SMALL-alpha-L-arabinopyranose] BS-36-52

[araC, SMALL-alpha-L-arabinopyranose, BS-57-73] [araC, SMALL-alpha-L-arabinopyranose, BS-36-52, BS-araE-pro1]
```

Finally, execute the “*Rules from tf-tfbs.ipynb*” to obtain the *Rules* to model the defined interaction network. The complete rule-based model can be found in the arabinose folder from the Network Biology Lab GitHub repository [here](#).

```
# [crp, SMALL_CAMP, crp, SMALL_CAMP] interacts with BS_83_104
Rule('TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_1',
      prot(name = 'crp', dna = None, met = 2, up = None, dw = 1) %
      met(name = 'CAMP', prot = 3) %
      prot(name = 'crp', dna = None, met = 3, up = 1, dw = None) %
      met(name = 'CAMP', prot = 2) +
      dna(name = 'BS_83_104', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = WILD) |
      prot(name = 'crp', dna = None, met = 2, up = None, dw = 1) %
      met(name = 'CAMP', prot = 3) %
      prot(name = 'crp', dna = 4, met = 3, up = 1, dw = None) %
      met(name = 'CAMP', prot = 2) %
      dna(name = 'BS_83_104', prot = 4, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD),
      Parameter('fwd_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_1', 0),
      Parameter('rvs_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_1', 0))

# [crp, SMALL_CAMP, crp, SMALL_CAMP] interacts with [BS_83_104, BS_araB_pro1]
Rule('TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_2',
      prot(name = 'crp', dna = None, met = 2, up = None, dw = 1) %
```

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```

met(name = 'CAMP', prot = 3) %
prot(name = 'crp', dna = None, met = 3, up = 1, dw = None) %
met(name = 'CAMP', prot = 2) +
dna(name = 'BS_83_104', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = WILD) %
dna(name = 'araB', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = None) |
prot(name = 'crp', dna = None, met = 2, up = None, dw = 1) %
met(name = 'CAMP', prot = 3) %
prot(name = 'crp', dna = 4, met = 3, up = 1, dw = None) %
met(name = 'CAMP', prot = 2) %
dna(name = 'BS_83_104', prot = 4, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) %
dna(name = 'araB', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = None) |
Parameter('fwd_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_2', 0),
Parameter('rvs_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_2', 0))

# araC interacts with BS_35_51
Rule('TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_3',
      prot(name = 'araC', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = None) +
      dna(name = 'BS_35_51', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = WILD) |
      prot(name = 'araC', dna = 1, met = None, up = None, dw = None) %
      dna(name = 'BS_35_51', prot = 1, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD),
      Parameter('fwd_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_3', 0),
      Parameter('rvs_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_3', 0))

# araC interacts with BS_56_72
Rule('TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_4',
      prot(name = 'araC', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = None) +
      dna(name = 'BS_56_72', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = WILD) |
      prot(name = 'araC', dna = 1, met = None, up = None, dw = None) %
      dna(name = 'BS_56_72', prot = 1, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD),
      Parameter('fwd_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_4', 0),
      Parameter('rvs_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_4', 0))

# araC interacts with BS_109_125
Rule('TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_5',
      prot(name = 'araC', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = None) +
      dna(name = 'BS_109_125', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = WILD) |
      prot(name = 'araC', dna = 1, met = None, up = None, dw = None) %
      dna(name = 'BS_109_125', prot = 1, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD),
      Parameter('fwd_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_5', 0),
      Parameter('rvs_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_5', 0))

# araC interacts with BS_130_146
Rule('TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_6',
      prot(name = 'araC', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = None) +
      dna(name = 'BS_130_146', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = WILD) |
      prot(name = 'araC', dna = 1, met = None, up = None, dw = None) %
      dna(name = 'BS_130_146', prot = 1, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD),
      Parameter('fwd_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_6', 0),
      Parameter('rvs_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_6', 0))

# araC interacts with BS_267_283
Rule('TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_7',
      prot(name = 'araC', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = None) +
      dna(name = 'BS_267_283', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = WILD) |
      prot(name = 'araC', dna = 1, met = None, up = None, dw = None) %

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```

    dna(name = 'BS_267_283', prot = 1, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_7', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_7', 0))

# [araC, BS_56_72] interacts with [araC, BS_267_283, BS_araC_pro1]
Rule('TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_8',
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = 1, met = None, up = None, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'BS_56_72', prot = 1, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) +
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = 2, met = None, up = None, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'BS_267_283', prot = 2, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) %
    dna(name = 'araC', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw =
    ←= WILD) |
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    dna(name = 'BS_56_72', prot = 2, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) %
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = 2, met = None, up = 1, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'BS_267_283', prot = None, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) %
    dna(name = 'araC', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw =
    ←= WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_8', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_8', 0))

# [araC, SMALL_alpha_L_arabinopyranose] interacts with BS_35_51
Rule('TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_9',
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = None, met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 1) +
    dna(name = 'BS_35_51', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = WILD) |
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = 2, met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 1) %
    dna(name = 'BS_35_51', prot = 2, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_9', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_9', 0))

# [araC, BS_56_72] interacts with SMALL_alpha_L_arabinopyranose
Rule('TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_10',
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = 1, met = None, up = None, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'BS_56_72', prot = 1, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) +
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = None) |
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = 2, met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'BS_56_72', prot = 2, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 1),
    Parameter('fwd_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_10', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_10', 0))

# [araC, BS_267_283] interacts with SMALL_alpha_L_arabinopyranose
Rule('TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_11',
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = 1, met = None, up = None, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'BS_267_283', prot = 1, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) +
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = None) |
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = 2, met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'BS_267_283', prot = 2, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 1),
    Parameter('fwd_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_11', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_11', 0))

# [araC, SMALL_alpha_L_arabinopyranose, BS_56_72] interacts with [araC, SMALL_alpha_L_
←arabinopyranose, BS_35_51, BS_araB_pro1]
Rule('TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_12',

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```

prot(name = 'araC', dna = 2, met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 1) %
dna(name = 'BS_56_72', prot = 2, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) +
prot(name = 'araC', dna = 4, met = 3, up = None, dw = None) %
met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 3) %
dna(name = 'BS_35_51', prot = 4, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) %
dna(name = 'araB', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw =
˓→= WILD) |
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = None, met = 2, up = None, dw = 1) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 3) %
    dna(name = 'BS_56_72', prot = 4, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) %
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = 4, met = 3, up = 1, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 2) %
    dna(name = 'BS_35_51', prot = None, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) %
    dna(name = 'araB', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw =
˓→= WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_12', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_12', 0))

# [araC, SMALL_alpha_L_arabinopyranose] interacts with BS_158_174
Rule('TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_13',
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = None, met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 1) +
    dna(name = 'BS_158_174', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = WILD) |
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = 2, met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 1) %
    dna(name = 'BS_158_174', prot = 2, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_13', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_13', 0))

# [araC, SMALL_alpha_L_arabinopyranose] interacts with BS_137_153
Rule('TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_14',
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = None, met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 1) +
    dna(name = 'BS_137_153', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = WILD) |
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = 2, met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 1) %
    dna(name = 'BS_137_153', prot = 2, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_14', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_14', 0))

# [araC, SMALL_alpha_L_arabinopyranose] interacts with BS_83_99
Rule('TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_15',
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = None, met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 1) +
    dna(name = 'BS_83_99', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = WILD) |
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = 2, met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 1) %
    dna(name = 'BS_83_99', prot = 2, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_15', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_15', 0))

# [araC, SMALL_alpha_L_arabinopyranose] interacts with BS_62_78
Rule('TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_16',
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = None, met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 1) +
    dna(name = 'BS_62_78', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = WILD) |

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```

prot(name = 'araC', dna = 2, met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 1) %
dna(name = 'BS_62_78', prot = 2, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD),
Parameter('fwd_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_16', 0),
Parameter('rvs_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_16', 0))

# [araC, SMALL_alpha_L_arabinopyranose, BS_83_99] interacts with [araC, SMALL_alpha_L_
arabinopyranose, BS_62_78, BS_araF_pro1]
Rule('TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_17',
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = 2, met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 1) %
    dna(name = 'BS_83_99', prot = 2, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) +
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = 4, met = 3, up = None, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 3) %
    dna(name = 'BS_62_78', prot = 4, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) %
    dna(name = 'araF', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw =
    ↵= WILD) |
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = None, met = 2, up = None, dw = 1) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 3) %
    dna(name = 'BS_83_99', prot = 4, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) %
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = 4, met = 3, up = 1, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 2) %
    dna(name = 'BS_62_78', prot = None, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) %
    dna(name = 'araF', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw =
    ↵= WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_17', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_17', 0))

# [araC, SMALL_alpha_L_arabinopyranose] interacts with BS_57_73
Rule('TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_18',
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = None, met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 1) +
    dna(name = 'BS_57_73', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = WILD) |
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = 2, met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 1) %
    dna(name = 'BS_57_73', prot = 2, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_18', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_18', 0))

# [araC, SMALL_alpha_L_arabinopyranose] interacts with BS_36_52
Rule('TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_19',
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = None, met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 1) +
    dna(name = 'BS_36_52', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = WILD) |
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = 2, met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 1) %
    dna(name = 'BS_36_52', prot = 2, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_19', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_19', 0))

# [araC, SMALL_alpha_L_arabinopyranose, BS_57_73] interacts with [araC, SMALL_alpha_L_
arabinopyranose, BS_36_52, BS_araE_pro1]
Rule('TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_20',
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = 2, met = 1, up = None, dw = None) %
    met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 1) %
    dna(name = 'BS_57_73', prot = 2, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) +
    prot(name = 'araC', dna = 4, met = 3, up = None, dw = None) %

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met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 3) %
  dna(name = 'BS_36_52', prot = 4, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) %
  dna(name = 'araE', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw =
→= WILD) |
  prot(name = 'araC', dna = None, met = 2, up = None, dw = 1) %
  met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 3) %
  dna(name = 'BS_57_73', prot = 4, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) %
  prot(name = 'araC', dna = 4, met = 3, up = 1, dw = None) %
  met(name = 'alpha_L_arabinopyranose', prot = 2) %
  dna(name = 'BS_36_52', prot = None, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = WILD) %
  dna(name = 'araE', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw =
→= WILD),
  Parameter('fwd_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_20', 0),
  Parameter('rvs_TranscriptionFactorMet_AssemblyRule_20', 0))

```

Note: Reversibility of reactions. Atlas writes dead *Rules* for each reaction declared in the network file. The Parameter('fwd_ReactionName', 0)) must be set to non-zero to activate the rule and Parameter('rvs_ReactionName', 0)) must be set to non-zero to define a reversible reaction.

Note: Simulation. The model can be simulated only with the instantiation of Monomers and Initials ([More here](#)). Run *Monomer+Initials+Observables* from *metabolic network.ipynb* to obtain automatically the necessary Monomers and Initials (including proteins and enzymatic complexes).

Plotting. The model can be observed only with the instantiation of Observables ([More here](#)). Run *Monomer+Initials+Observables* from *metabolic network.ipynb* to obtain automatically the all possible Observables for metabolites.

2.5 Sigma Factor-Promoter Interaction Networks

The Sigma Factor-Promoter network have two columns and for the former network, the first column lists using comma all components of a TF enclosed in brackets (optionally with small compounds) and in the second column declares the DNA binding site. Users should use the prefix “SMALL” for small compounds and the prefix “BS” to encode DNA binding sites using unique names. The second type of GRN shows in the first column the RNA polymerase holoenzyme complex (components in brackets) and in the second the promoter. Users should name promoters with the gene name followed by the suffix “-pro#” where # is an integer.

Examples:

```

SOURCE TARGET
# Docking to promoters
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoD] BS-rpoA-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoD] BS-rpoB-pro1
# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoD] BS-rpoC-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoD] BS-rpoD-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoD] BS-rpoE-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoD] BS-rpoH-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoD] BS-rpoN-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoD] BS-rpoS-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoD] BS-fliA-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoD] BS-fecI-pro1

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```
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoE] BS-rpoD-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoE] BS-rpoE-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoE] BS-rpoH-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoE] BS-rpoN-pro1

[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoH] BS-rpoA-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoH] BS-rpoD-pro1

[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoN] BS-rpoA-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoN] BS-rpoD-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoN] BS-rpoH-pro1

[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoS] BS-fecI-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoS] BS-rpoA-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoS] BS-rpoB-pro1
# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoS] BS-rpoC-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoS] BS-rpoD-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoS] BS-rpoE-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoS] BS-rpoH-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoS] BS-rpoN-pro1

[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, fliA] BS-rpoD-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, fliA] BS-rpoN-pro1
[rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, fliA] BS-fliA-pro1
```

Finally, execute the “*Rules from SigmaFactors x Architecture.ipynb*” to obtain the *Rules* to model the defined interaction network. The complete rule-based model can be found in the sigma folder from the Network Biology Lab GitHub repository [here](#).

```
# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoD] interacts with BS_rpoA_pro1
Rule('docking_1_rpoA_pro1',
      prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
      prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
      prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
      prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
      prot(name = 'rpoD', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
      dna(name = 'rpoA', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw =_
      ↵WILD) |
      prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
      prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
      prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
      prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
      prot(name = 'rpoD', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
      dna(name = 'rpoA', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw =_
      ↵WILD),
      Parameter('fwd_docking_1_rpoA_pro1', 0),
      Parameter('rvs_docking_1_rpoA_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoD] interacts with BS_rpoB_pro1
Rule('docking_2_rpoB_pro1',
      prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
      prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
      prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
      prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
      prot(name = 'rpoD', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
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```

    dna(name = 'rpoB', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
        prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
        prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
        prot(name = 'rpoD', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
        dna(name = 'rpoB', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
        Parameter('fwd_docking_2_rpoB_pro1', 0),
        Parameter('rvs_docking_2_rpoB_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoD] interacts with BS_rpoD_pro1
Rule('docking_3_rpoD_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoD', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
    dna(name = 'rpoD', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoD', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'rpoD', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_docking_3_rpoD_pro1', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_docking_3_rpoD_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoD] interacts with BS_rpoE_pro1
Rule('docking_4_rpoE_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoD', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
    dna(name = 'rpoE', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoD', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'rpoE', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_docking_4_rpoE_pro1', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_docking_4_rpoE_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoD] interacts with BS_rpoH_pro1
Rule('docking_5_rpoH_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoD', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +

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    dna(name = 'rpoH', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
        prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
        prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
        prot(name = 'rpoD', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
        dna(name = 'rpoH', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
        Parameter('fwd_docking_5_rpoH_pro1', 0),
        Parameter('rvs_docking_5_rpoH_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoD] interacts with BS_rpoN_pro1
Rule('docking_6_rpoN_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoD', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
    dna(name = 'rpoN', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
        prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
        prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
        prot(name = 'rpoD', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
        dna(name = 'rpoN', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
        Parameter('fwd_docking_6_rpoN_pro1', 0),
        Parameter('rvs_docking_6_rpoN_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoD] interacts with BS_rpoS_pro1
Rule('docking_7_rpoS_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoD', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
    dna(name = 'rpoS', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
        prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
        prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
        prot(name = 'rpoD', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
        dna(name = 'rpoS', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
        Parameter('fwd_docking_7_rpoS_pro1', 0),
        Parameter('rvs_docking_7_rpoS_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoD] interacts with BS_fliA_pro1
Rule('docking_8_fliA_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoD', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +

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    dna(name = 'fliA', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
        prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
        prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
        prot(name = 'rpoD', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
        dna(name = 'fliA', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
        Parameter('fwd_docking_8_fliA_pro1', 0),
        Parameter('rvs_docking_8_fliA_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoD] interacts with BS_fecI_pro1
Rule('docking_9_fecI_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoD', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
    dna(name = 'fecI', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoD', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'fecI', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_docking_9_fecI_pro1', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_docking_9_fecI_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoE] interacts with BS_rpoD_pro1
Rule('docking_10_rpoD_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoE', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
    dna(name = 'rpoD', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoE', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'rpoD', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_docking_10_rpoD_pro1', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_docking_10_rpoD_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoE] interacts with BS_rpoE_pro1
Rule('docking_11_rpoE_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoE', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +

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    dna(name = 'rpoE', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
        prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
        prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
        prot(name = 'rpoE', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
        dna(name = 'rpoE', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
        Parameter('fwd_docking_11_rpoE_pro1', 0),
        Parameter('rvs_docking_11_rpoE_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoE] interacts with BS_rpoH_pro1
Rule('docking_12_rpoH_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoE', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
    dna(name = 'rpoH', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoE', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'rpoH', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_docking_12_rpoH_pro1', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_docking_12_rpoH_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoE] interacts with BS_rpoN_pro1
Rule('docking_13_rpoN_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoE', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
    dna(name = 'rpoN', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoE', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'rpoN', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_docking_13_rpoN_pro1', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_docking_13_rpoN_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoH] interacts with BS_rpoA_pro1
Rule('docking_14_rpoA_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoH', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +

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    dna(name = 'rpoA', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
        prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
        prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
        prot(name = 'rpoH', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
        dna(name = 'rpoA', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
        Parameter('fwd_docking_14_rpoA_pro1', 0),
        Parameter('rvs_docking_14_rpoA_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoH] interacts with BS_rpoD_pro1
Rule('docking_15_rpoD_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoH', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
    dna(name = 'rpoD', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoH', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'rpoD', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_docking_15_rpoD_pro1', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_docking_15_rpoD_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoN] interacts with BS_rpoA_pro1
Rule('docking_16_rpoA_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoN', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
    dna(name = 'rpoA', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoN', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'rpoA', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_docking_16_rpoA_pro1', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_docking_16_rpoA_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoN] interacts with BS_rpoD_pro1
Rule('docking_17_rpoD_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoN', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +

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    dna(name = 'rpoD', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = )
    ↵WILD) |
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
        prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
        prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
        prot(name = 'rpoN', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
        dna(name = 'rpoD', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = )
    ↵WILD),
        Parameter('fwd_docking_17_rpoD_pro1', 0),
        Parameter('rvs_docking_17_rpoD_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoN] interacts with BS_rpoH_pro1
Rule('docking_18_rpoH_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoN', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
    dna(name = 'rpoH', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = )
    ↵WILD) |
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
        prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
        prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
        prot(name = 'rpoN', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
        dna(name = 'rpoH', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = )
    ↵WILD),
        Parameter('fwd_docking_18_rpoH_pro1', 0),
        Parameter('rvs_docking_18_rpoH_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoS] interacts with BS_fecI_pro1
Rule('docking_19_fecI_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoS', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
    dna(name = 'fecI', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = )
    ↵WILD) |
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
        prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
        prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
        prot(name = 'rpoS', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
        dna(name = 'fecI', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = )
    ↵WILD),
        Parameter('fwd_docking_19_fecI_pro1', 0),
        Parameter('rvs_docking_19_fecI_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoS] interacts with BS_rpoA_pro1
Rule('docking_20_rpoA_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoS', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +

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    dna(name = 'rpoA', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
        prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
        prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
        prot(name = 'rpoS', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
        dna(name = 'rpoA', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
        Parameter('fwd_docking_20_rpoA_pro1', 0),
        Parameter('rvs_docking_20_rpoA_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoS] interacts with BS_rpoB_pro1
Rule('docking_21_rpoB_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoS', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
    dna(name = 'rpoB', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoS', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'rpoB', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_docking_21_rpoB_pro1', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_docking_21_rpoB_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoS] interacts with BS_rpoD_pro1
Rule('docking_22_rpoD_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoS', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
    dna(name = 'rpoD', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoS', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'rpoD', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_docking_22_rpoD_pro1', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_docking_22_rpoD_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoS] interacts with BS_rpoE_pro1
Rule('docking_23_rpoE_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoS', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +

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    dna(name = 'rpoE', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
        prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
        prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
        prot(name = 'rpoS', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
        dna(name = 'rpoE', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
        Parameter('fwd_docking_23_rpoE_pro1', 0),
        Parameter('rvs_docking_23_rpoE_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoS] interacts with BS_rpoH_pro1
Rule('docking_24_rpoH_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoS', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
    dna(name = 'rpoH', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoS', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'rpoH', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_docking_24_rpoH_pro1', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_docking_24_rpoH_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoS] interacts with BS_rpoN_pro1
Rule('docking_25_rpoN_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoS', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
    dna(name = 'rpoN', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoS', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'rpoN', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_docking_25_rpoN_pro1', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_docking_25_rpoN_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, fliA] interacts with BS_rpoD_pro1
Rule('docking_26_rpoD_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'fliA', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +

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    dna(name = 'rpoD', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
        prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
        prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
        prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
        prot(name = 'fliA', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
        dna(name = 'rpoD', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
        Parameter('fwd_docking_26_rpoD_pro1', 0),
        Parameter('rvs_docking_26_rpoD_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, fliA] interacts with BS_rpoN_pro1
Rule('docking_27_rpoN_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'fliA', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
    dna(name = 'rpoN', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'fliA', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'rpoN', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_docking_27_rpoN_pro1', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_docking_27_rpoN_pro1', 0))

# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, fliA] interacts with BS_fliA_pro1
Rule('docking_28_fliA_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'fliA', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
    dna(name = 'fliA', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD) |
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'fliA', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'fliA', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = _)
    ↵WILD),
    Parameter('fwd_docking_28_fliA_pro1', 0),
    Parameter('rvs_docking_28_fliA_pro1', 0))

```

Note: Reversibility of reactions. Atlas writes dead *Rules* for each reaction declared in the network file. The `Parameter('fwd_ReactionName', 0)` must be set to non-zero to activate the rule and `Parameter('rvs_ReactionName', 0)` must be set to non-zero to define a reversible reaction.

Note: Simulation. The model can be simulated only with the instantiation of Monomers and Initials ([More here](#)). Run *Monomer+Initials+Observables from metabolic network.ipynb* to obtain automatically the necessary Monomers and Initials (including proteins and enzymatic complexes).

Plotting. The model can be observed only with the instantiation of Observables ([More here](#)). Run *Monomer+Initials+Observables from metabolic network.ipynb* to obtain automatically the all possible Observables for metabolites.

2.6 Genome Graphs

Metabolic networks have four columns. The first declares a unique name for the enzyme or enzymatic complex; the second declares a unique name for the reaction; the third column lists using comma unique names for substrates; and the last row list using comma unique names for products. To declare metabolites located at the periplasm or extracellular compartments, the user should employ the prefix “PER-” and “EX-”, respectively. Use *spontaneous* for non-enzymatic reactions.

Examples:

SOURCE	TARGET
araB-pro1	araB-rbs
araB-rbs	araB-cds
araB-cds	araA-rbs
araA-rbs	araA-cds
araA-cds	araD-rbs
araD-rbs	araD-cds
araD-cds	araD-ter1
araC-pro1	araC-BS-56-72
araC-BS-56-72	araC-rbs
araC-rbs	araC-cds
araC-cds	araC-ter1
araE-pro1	araE-rbs
araE-rbs	araE-cds
araE-cds	araE-ter1
araF-pro1	araF-rbs
araF-rbs	araF-cds
araF-cds	araG-rbs
araG-rbs	araG-cds
araG-cds	araH-rbs
araH-rbs	araH-cds
araH-cds	araH-ter1

OR

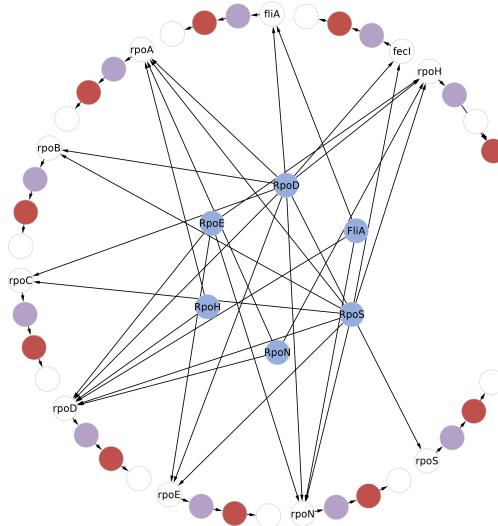
SOURCE	TARGET
rpoA-pro1	rpoA-rbs
rpoA-rbs	rpoA-cds
rpoA-cds	rpoA-ter1
rpoB-pro1	rpoB-rbs
rpoB-rbs	rpoB-cds
rpoB-cds	rpoC-rbs

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rpoC-rbs	rpoC-cds
rpoC-cds	rpoC-ter1
rpoD-pro1	rpoD-rbs
rpoD-rbs	rpoD-cds
rpoD-cds	rpoD-ter1
rpoE-pro1	rpoE-rbs
rpoE-rbs	rpoE-cds
rpoE-cds	rpoE-ter1
rpoH-pro1	rpoH-rbs
rpoH-rbs	rpoH-cds
rpoH-cds	rpoH-ter1
rpoN-pro1	rpoN-rbs
rpoN-rbs	rpoN-cds
rpoN-cds	rpoN-ter1
rpoS-pro1	rpoS-rbs
rpoS-rbs	rpoS-cds
rpoS-cds	rpoS-ter1
fliA-pro1	fliA-rbs
fliA-rbs	fliA-cds
fliA-cds	fliA-ter1
fecI-pro1	fecI-rbs
fecI-rbs	fecI-cds
fecI-cds	fecI-ter1

Note: Visualization in Cytoscape. Colors and arrows remains to the user for customization. The network could be complemented with a description of sigma factor specificity for promoter, as the following network



Finally, execute the “*Rules from metabolic network.ipynb*” to obtain the *Rules* to model the defined network. If using a Sigma Factor-Promoter Interaction Network, the user could use “*Rules from SigmaFactors x Architecture*” to obtain

the *Rules* to model both network at once. The complete rule-based model can be found in the arabinose folder (1st example) and in the sigma folder (2nd example) from the Network Biology Lab GitHub repository [here](#).

Note: Kappa BioBrick Framework. Rules for transcription and translation come from the work of Stewart and Wilson-Kanamori (See more [here](#)). A “pure” genome graph use the original defined rules, while a genome graph + sigma factor specificity use a modify form to model the release of the sigma factor from the RNA Polymerase at the transcription initiation. Note the explicit modeling of the RNA Polymerase in the second example.

```
Rule('docking_araB_pro1',
    cplx(name = 'RNAP', dna = None) + dna(name = 'araB', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True') |
    cplx(name = 'RNAP', dna = 1) % dna(name = 'araB', type = 'pro1', prot = 1, free = 'False'),
    Parameter('fwd_docking_araB_pro1', 1), Parameter('rvs_docking_araB_pro1', 1))
```

OR

```
# [rpoA, rpoA, rpoB, rpoC, rpoD] interacts with BS_rpoA_pro1
Rule('docking_1_rpoA_pro1',
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoD', dna = None, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) +
    dna(name = 'rpoA', type = 'pro1', prot = None, free = 'True', up = WILD, dw = None) |
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    prot(name = 'rpoA', dna = None, met = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    prot(name = 'rpoB', dna = None, met = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
    prot(name = 'rpoC', dna = None, met = None, up = 3, dw = 4) %
    prot(name = 'rpoD', dna = 5, met = None, up = 4, dw = None) %
    dna(name = 'rpoA', type = 'pro1', prot = 5, free = 'False', up = WILD, dw = None) |
    Parameter('fwd_docking_1_rpoA_rbs', 1),
    Parameter('rvs_docking_1_rpoA_pro1', 0))
```

Note: Reversibility of reactions. Atlas writes irreversible *Rules* for each interaction between the RNA Polymerase and a promoter. The `Parameter('rvs_ReactionName', 0)` must be set to non-zero to define a reversible reaction. The remaining *Rules* are irreversible without a way to define reversible reactions.

Note: Simulation. The model can be simulated only with the instantiation of Monomers and Initials ([More here](#)). Run *Monomer+Initials+Observables from metabolic network.ipynb* to obtain automatically the necessary Monomers and Initials (including proteins and enzymatic complexes). For initial genes, please refer to the following example:

```
Initial(
    dna(name = 'rpoB', type = 'pro1', free = 'True', prot = None, rna = None, up = None, dw = 1) %
    dna(name = 'rpoB', type = 'rbs', free = 'True', prot = None, rna = None, up = 1, dw = 2) %
    dna(name = 'rpoB', type = 'cds', free = 'True', prot = None, rna = None, up = 2, dw = 3) %
```

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```
    dna(name = 'rpoC', type = 'rbs', free = 'True', prot = None, rna = None, up = _
→3, dw = 4) %
    dna(name = 'rpoC', type = 'cds', free = 'True', prot = None, rna = None, up = _
→4, dw = 5) %
    dna(name = 'rpoC', type = 'ter1', free = 'True', prot = None, rna = None, up = _
→= 5, dw = None),
    Parameter('t0_rpoBC_operon', 1))
```

Plotting. The model can be observed only with the instantiation of Observables ([More here](#)). Run *Monomer+Initials+Observables* from *metabolic network.ipynb* to obtain automatically the all possible Observables for metabolites.

CHAPTER 3

Simulation

Simulation could be done within the PySB python package (See more at [PySB documentation](#)) . Here is the relevant code that able the simulation of any PySB model, albeit PySB exports the model, calls the simulator, and imports the results under the hood. See [Plotting](#) for a simple example on how to plot simulation results.

```
from numpy import linspace
from pysb.bng import generate_network, generate_equations
from pysb.simulator import ScipyOdeSimulator, BngSimulator, KappaSimulator

# modify accordingly
from pysb.pathfinder import set_path
set_path('bng', '/opt/git-repositories/bionetgen.RuleWorld/bng2/')
set_path('kasim', '/opt/git-repositories/KaSim4.Kappa-Dev/')

## for network-based simulations:
## ScipyOdeSimulator and BngSimulator ode and ssa methods
# generate_network(model)
# generate_equations(model)

## set the number of stochastic simulations
runs = 100
# data1 = ScipyOdeSimulator(model, linspace(0, 100, 200)).run().dataframe
# data1 = BngSimulator(model, linspace(0, 200, 201)).run(method = 'ode').dataframe
# data2 = BngSimulator(model, linspace(0, 200, 201)).run(method = 'ssa', n_runs = runs).dataframe
# data2 = BngSimulator(model, linspace(0, 200, 201)).run(method = 'nf', n_runs = runs).dataframe
data2 = KappaSimulator(model, linspace(0, 100, 101)).run(n_runs = runs).dataframe

## process simulations
data = []
for i in range(0, runs):
    data.append(data2.xs(i))

avrg = 0
```

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```
for i in range(0, runs):
    avrg += data[i]
avrg = avrg / runs

stdv = 0
for i in range(0, runs):
    stdv += (data[i] - avrg)**2
stdv = (stdv / (runs-1))**0.5
```

CHAPTER 4

Plotting

PySB could inform the results of a simulation to dataframes (See [Simulation](#)) and visualization of results could be done with matplotlib or seaborn even ([See more here](#)). To access the data, the dataframes columns reproduce the names of the Observables. The following example could be adapted to show the dynamics of any Observable.

Note: Importantly, PySB allows the inspection of the model to find which Monomers (and complexes of monomers) exists in the model, but as the simulation is network-free, the possible formed complexes are up to the user concern.

Note: Atlas produces automatically Observables for metabolites, and other components and complexes could also be observed and plotted, but their declaration in the model is entirely up to the user.

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize = (4*2, 3*1), dpi = 100)

# ax[0].plot(data1.index, data1['obs_alpha_L_arabinopyranose_cyt'], label = '__NOLABEL__', color = palette[0])
# ax[0].plot(data1.index, data1['obs_ATP_cyt'], label = '__NOLABEL__', color = palette[3])
ax[0].fill_between(avrg.index,
    avrg['obs_alpha_L_arabinopyranose_cyt'] + stdv['obs_alpha_L_arabinopyranose_cyt'],
    avrg['obs_alpha_L_arabinopyranose_cyt'] - stdv['obs_alpha_L_arabinopyranose_cyt'],
    label = r'$\alpha$-arabinopyranose', **{'color' : palette[0], 'alpha' : 0.5})
ax[0].fill_between(avrg.index,
    avrg['obs_ATP_cyt'] + stdv['obs_ATP_cyt'],
    avrg['obs_ATP_cyt'] - stdv['obs_ATP_cyt'],
    label = r'ATP', **{'color' : palette[3], 'alpha' : 0.5})

# ax[1].plot(data1.index, data1['obs_PROTON_cyt'], label = '__NOLABEL__', color = palette[0])
# ax[1].plot(data1.index, data1['obs_XYLULOSE_5_PHOSPHATE_cyt'], label = '__NOLABEL__',
#             color = palette[3])
```

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```

ax[1].fill_between(avrg.index,
                   avrg['obs_PROTON_cyt'] + stdv['obs_PROTON_cyt'],
                   avrg['obs_PROTON_cyt'] - stdv['obs_PROTON_cyt'],
                   label = r'H$^+$', **{'color' : palette[0], 'alpha' : 0.5})
ax[1].fill_between(avrg.index,
                   avrg['obs_WATER_cyt'] + stdv['obs_WATER_cyt'],
                   avrg['obs_WATER_cyt'] - stdv['obs_WATER_cyt'],
                   label = 'WATER', **{'color' : palette[1], 'alpha' : 0.5})
ax[1].fill_between(avrg.index,
                   avrg['obs_XYLULOSE_5_PHOSPHATE_cyt'] + stdv['obs_XYLULOSE_5_PHOSPHATE_cyt'],
                   avrg['obs_XYLULOSE_5_PHOSPHATE_cyt'] - stdv['obs_XYLULOSE_5_PHOSPHATE_cyt'],
                   label = r'xylulose 5-phosphate', **{'color' : palette[3], 'alpha' : 0.5})

ax[0].set_xlabel('Time [A.U.]')
ax[0].set_ylabel('Concentration [A.U.]')
# ax[0].set_xlim(left = 0, right = 100)
ax[0].set_ylim(bottom = 0, top = 200)

ax[1].set_xlabel('Time [A.U.]')
# ax[1].set_xlim(left = 0, right = 100)
ax[1].set_ylim(bottom = 0, top = 200)

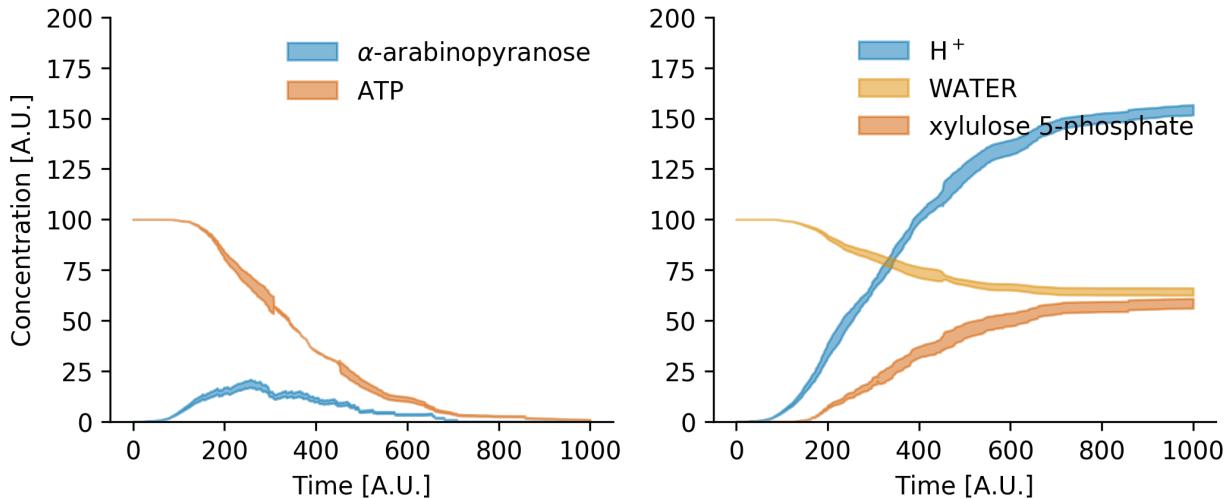
ax[0].legend(frameon = False)
ax[1].legend(frameon = False)

seaborn.despine()
plt.savefig('Fig_Arabinose.png', format = 'png', bbox_inches = 'tight', dpi = 350)
# for publication
# plt.savefig('Fig_Arabinose.pdf', format = 'pdf', bbox_inches = 'tight', dpi = 350)

plt.show()

```

And the results is



Note: See the [Arabinose Model](#) to inspect the rules and reproduce (at some extent because of stochasticity) the plot showed in this Manual.

CHAPTER 5

Export to

The PySB python package could export to different languages (See more [here](#)). Use the following code to export to BioNetGen and *kappa* languages, putting the code at the end of the model.

```
from pysb.export import export
with open('model.kappa', 'w') as outfile:
    outfile.write(export(model, 'kappa'))
with open('model.bngl', 'w') as outfile:
    outfile.write(export(model, 'bn gl'))
```

Note: In the case of matlab, mathematica, and stochkit, PySB requires to expand the rules to determine all mass-balances to write ODE-based models, a process call network generation and could take excessive time to finish.

CHAPTER 6

Indices and tables

- genindex
- modindex
- search